# **ASAHIKLIN** AE3000ATE



Asahiklin AE3000ATE, a mixture of Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl ether, ethanol, is a non-flammable, non-ozone depleting solvent.

### **Applications**

- · Defluxing of printed wiring assemblies
- · Precision cleaning of plastics, substrates, electrical components, metals, and particle removal
- Drying agent after cleaning with hydrocarbons or alcohols
- · Drying agent after aqueous cleaning
- Replacement for HCFC, perchloroethylene, trichloroethylene, Dupont™ Vertrel®, & 3M™ Novec™ solvents

#### **Benefits**

- Non-flammable
- Non-corrosive
- Superior drying property
- Excellent permeability
- Recyclable

- Low global warming potential (GWP)
- Zero ozone depletion potential (ODP)
- No surfactants necessary

none

38

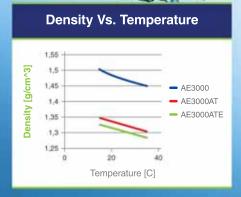
- Recoverable by simple distillation
- Can be used with ultrasonics
- Material compatibility with a wide variety of metals, plastics, and elastomers
- Excellent thermal, chemical, and hydrolytic stability
- Low surface tension, low viscosity, high liquid density

Material Composition				
Components	Asahiklin AE3000ATE			
Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene	46-55 %			
1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl ether	43-52%			
Ethanol	1-3%			

#### **Physical Properties** Table 1 Physical Properties of Asahiklin AE3000ATE **Boiling Point** 42C (107.6F) -50C Melting Point 1.35 Density (g/cm<sup>3</sup>, 25C) 0.34 Viscosity (cST, 25C) 1.40 Specific Heat (kJ/kg K, 25C) Surface Tension (dyne/cm/ 25C) 18 Latent Heat of Vaporization (KJ/kg, 39C) 200 Relative Evaporation Rate (Ether=100)

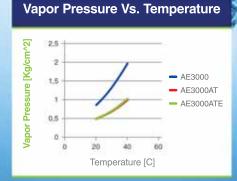
#### **Cleaning Procedures**

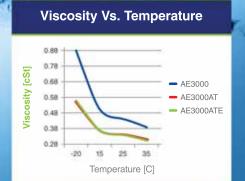
It is recommended that Asahiklin AE3000ATE be used in a vapor degreaser to optimize cleaning efficiency, economy, and emission control. Cleaning procedures for Asahiklin AE3000ATE are quite similar to those of AK225 products. The procedures consist of immersing a workload into the boiling solvent, rinsing or spraying with cool solvent and drying in solvent vapor.



Flash Point (Open/Closed cup)

**KB** Value





## **Material Compatibility**

Asahiklin AE3000ATE has a broad range of compatibilities.

Table 3 Effect of Asahiklin AE3000ATE on Unstressed Plastics at the Boiling Point.

Note: negative numbers denote shrinkage

		At boiling for 5min			At boiling for 3 days		
	Weight change (%)	Linear Swell (%)	Extractables (%)	Weight change (%)	Linear Swell (%)	Extractables (%)	
Polyvinyl chloride (rigid)	3.8	4.0	<0.1	43.5	45	0.8	
Polyvinyl chloride (plasticized)	23.5	19.0	5.8	-7.4	-17.5	26.8	
Polyethylene (HP)	8.6	6.0	<0.1	110.4	affected	1.1	
Polyethylene (LP)	1.5	1.5	<0.1	16.3	12.8	2.4	
Polypropylene	2.4	1.8	0.3	31.0	22.1	1.0	
Polystyrene	31.2	16.9	0.8	affected	affected	105.8	
Polycarbonate	17.2	23.2	0.2	36	65.2	1.0	
Polyacetal	0.4	0.4	<0.1	11.4	13.1	0.4	
Polyphenylene oxide	34.0	20.3	1.2	107.6	affected	10.6	
Phenolic	0.2	0.2	<0.1	11.4	11.4	1.2	
ABS	45.5	23.7	0.9	181	affected	4.5	
Nylon6	<0.1	-4.0	0.3	8.5	2.8	0.1	
Nylon66	0.2	-0.1	0.2	7.3	7.5	0.2	
Polyester (FR)	3.1	3.0	0.2	76.8	134.7	5.3	
PTFE	0.1	0.2	<0.1	2.6	3.9	0.1	
PCTFE	0.2	0.7	<0.1	10.4	16.2	<0.1	
Epoxy (FR)	0.4	0.5	<0.1	7.4	12	0.1	
Polyphenylene sulfide	0.1	-0.9	<0.1	3.8	4.8	0.1	
Polybutylene terephthalate	1.0	1.2	<0.1	13.5	12.3	0.6	
Polyethylene terephthalate	25.9	22.2	0.3	71.4	78	2.6	

Table 4 Effect of Asahiklin AE3000ATE on Elastomers at the Boiling Point.

	At boiling for 5min			At boiling for 3 days		
	Weight change (%)	Linear Swell (%)	Extractables (%)	Weight change (%)	Linear Swell (%)	Extractables (%)
Polysulfide rubber FA(T)	19.8	16.4	1.9	63.8	50.1	13.6
Natural rubber (NR)	23.0	20.9	1.3	46.7	33.9	12.7
Urethane rubber (UR)	40.0	35.8	6.0	178.6	129.7	13.2
Isobutylene isoprene rubber (IIR)	18.3	15.6	3.2	38.1	29	14.3
Polychloroprene (CR)	18.7	17.8	<0.1	31.8	28	14.2
Fluoroelastomer E (FKM)	11.1	14.6	<0.1	84.2	109.5	3.8
Chlorosulfonated polyethylene (CSM)	15.2	13.0	2.1	32.4	27	12.7
Silicone rubber (Q)	66.7	54.8	0.5	167	128.6	2.5
Nitryl rubber (NBR)	29.1	27.0	3.2	66.2	59.9	13.5
Ethylene propylene diene terpolymer (EPDM)	16.1	13.6	4.2	16.7	7.8	18.6

Table 5 Effect of Asahiklin AE3000ATE on Viton and PTFE at the Boiling Point.

	At boiling for 7 days			
	Weight change (%)	Linear Swell (%)	Extractables (%)	
Viton (FDA White)	57.1	53.9	0.9	
Viton (Chemical Resistant)	90.5	68.4	1.2	
Vition (Low Temp)	71.2	54.6	0.2	
Viton	72.0	60.4	6.8	
PTFE	2.7	1.1	<0.1	

### **Environmental Properties**

Properties	Asahiklin AE3000ATE
Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP)1	None
Global Warming Potential (GWP) <sup>2</sup>	*257
Flash Point	None

 $^{1}$  CFC-11 = 1.0  $^{2}$  CO2 = 1.0, 100yr ITH  $^{*}$  Calculated value by the AIST

### **Environmental Health and Safety**

Please read the current product Material Safety Data Sheet (available through your AGCCA technical service representative) and the precautionary statement on the product package prior to use. Follow all applicable precautions and directions.

ASAHIKLIN AE3000ATE is nonflammable. The solvent acts as an azeotrope and is resistant to thermal breakdown and hydrolysis during storage and use. Recommended handling procedures are provided in the Material Safety Data Sheet, which is available from your AGCCA representative upon request.

